

III. CORE COURSE [CCGEO203]:

(Credits: Theory-04, Tutorial-01)

Marks: 30 (MSE: 20Th. 1Hr + 5Attd. + 5Assign.) + 70 (ESE: 3Hrs)=100**Pass Marks (MSE:17 + ESE:28)=45****Instruction to Question Setter:****Mid Semester Examination (MSE):**

There will be **two** groups of questions in written examinations of 20 marks. **Group A is compulsory** and will contain five questions of **very short answer type** consisting of 1 mark each. **Group B will contain descriptive type five** questions of five marks each, out of which any three are to be answered.

End Semester Examination (ESE):

There will be **two** groups of questions. **Group A is compulsory** and will contain two questions. **Question No.1 will be very short answer type** consisting of five questions of 1 mark each. **Question No.2 will be short answer type** of 5 marks. **Group B will contain descriptive type six** questions of fifteen marks each, out of which any four are to be answered.

Note: There may be subdivisions in each question asked in Theory Examinations

The Mid Semester Examination shall have three components. (a) Two Semester Internal Assessment Test (SIA) of 20 Marks each, (b) Class Attendance Score (CAS) of 5 marks and (c) Class Performance Score (CPS) of 5 marks. "**Better of Two**" shall be applicable for computation of marks for SIA.

(Attendance Upto 75%, 1 mark; 75 < Attd. < 80, 2 marks; 80 < Attd. < 85, 3 marks; 85 < Attd. < 90, 4 marks; 90 < Attd., 5 marks).

POPULATION GEOGRAPHY**Theory: 60 Hours; Tutorial: 15 Hours****Unit 1:**

Nature and Scope of Population Geography, Population Geography and Demography, Sources of Population Data, Distribution and Density of Population, Distribution and its Pattern in the World, Factors Influencing Distribution of Population in the world.

Unit 2:

Concept of Population Composition, Population Change: Growth of Population in the World and India, Components of Population Change, Fertility, Mortality and Migration, Determinants of Fertility and Mortality, Demographic Transition Theory.

Unit 3:

Migration - Meaning and Types, Causes and Consequences, Theories of Migration – Ravenstein & Lee.

Unit 4:

Population and Resources, Optimum Population, Population Resource Regions, Malthus Population Theory, Population Policy of India.

References:

- Chandna R.C. (2009), Geography of Population, Kalyani Publicishers, Ansari Road, Daryaganj, N. Delhi-2.
- Majid Hussain (1999), Human Geography, Rawat Publications, Jaipur.
- Trewartha GT. (1959) A Geography of Population, World Patterns, John Wiley and Sons Inc. New York.
- Ghosh BN. (1987) Fundamentals of Population Geography, Sterling Publishing Company, New Delhi
- R.K. Tripathi ((2000) Populaton Geography, Commonwealth Publishers, New Delhi.
- Kayastha, S.L. (1998) Geography of Population, Rawat Publications, Jaipur.
- Clerk I (1984) Geography of Population, Approaches and Applications, Pergamon Press, Oxford, UK.
- Tiwari, Ram Kumar (2015): Jansankhya Bhugol, Prwalika Publication, Allahabad.
- Hiralal (2007): Jansankhya Bugol Ke Mul Tatwa, Radha Publication, New Delhi.
- Mourya, S.D. (2011): Jansankhya Bhugol, Sharda Pustak Bhawan, Allahabad.
- Dubey, K.K. & Singh, M.B. (2001): Jansankhya Bhugol, Rawat Publication, Jaipur.